

Evidence that "Brigitte" Macron was born a man, under the identity of Jean-Michel Trogneux
(the "XP book" refers to the book "Devenir Brigitte" by Xavier Poussard; the other links refer to the Pressibus 2022-2025 file, pressibus.org/brigittegb)

We have three types of evidence:

1) Brigitte Macron was born a man:

- a. By numerical comparison of voices proving that Brigitte Macron interviewed in 2022 is the transsexual Véronique interviewed in 1977. Presentation in Chapter 14. Anyone can see that the vocal resemblance is striking, as is the similarity in profile, gestures, and verbal tics ("C'est-à-dire," "en l'occurrence"). Several sophisticated voice recognition software programs have confirmed that this is the voice of one and the same person: Audacity, on behalf of the Brussels studio IGMaudio (book XP, page 307), a Python script associated with the tools Praat, Librosa, SpeechBrain (P.-S. 94u2), as well as the artificial intelligence ChatGPT (page Gepeto, P.-S. 106a). When the forensic police are consulted, they will use similar tools and should arrive at the same conclusion.
- b. In January 2025, Stéphane de Charnage recognized Brigitte Macron as a transgender person who, in 1995 in Lyon, encouraged male prostitutes to undergo surgery, hence her nickname "Coupe-zizi" (P.-S. 90). Her description, her manner of speaking, her verbal tic ("C'est-à-dire") and her first name Véronica lead us to believe that she is the Véronique of 1977. Stéphane de Charnage is prepared to testify in court.
- c. Physical evidence. Natacha Rey has rightly placed great emphasis on physical evidence. The forensic police use such methods, even on incomplete skeletons if necessary. We have presented numerous pieces of evidence throughout this file, particularly in chapter 13. Each piece of evidence taken individually is not significant, but their impressive number (including the "famous photo," which has never been denied, P.S. 65), leaves no room for doubt.
- d. In 2019, Closer magazine revealed that Brigitte Macron had undergone cosmetic surgery. Details in the article identified the surgeon as Dr. Patrick Bui, a specialist in facial feminization for transgender men (PS 20, 52, 94ad1).

2) Brigitte Macron is not the mother of the three Auzière children, the bride from 1974, given that we already have three photos of the latter (two as a communicant and one as a bride) and some writings. Several pieces of evidence:

- e. A graphological comparison (here in Chapter 29) (+ P.-S. 49) proves that Brigitte Macron is not the bride from 1974. Added to this are the opinions of two certified handwriting experts (pages 170/171 of the book XP). Again, this evidence is admissible by the forensic police.
- f. Further evidence is provided by a comparison of photos, proving that the girl receiving communion, identified as a young Brigitte Macron, is not the wife of the President of the Republic (P.-S. 75).
- g. Another proving that she is not the bride from 1974 (in F&D 528, reproduced in P.-S. 33).
- h. Another proving that the bride in 1974 was actually born Brigitte Auzière, as attested by her identity as a witness at the 1980 wedding of Jean-Michel Trogneux and Véronique Dreux (Appendix S 6).
- i. The indirect evidence provided by Candace Owens is admissible. During the last quarter of the 20th century in France, a family of three children, presented as socially integrated, could not have existed without family photos. In accordance with the previous evidence, these photos were concealed or destroyed to hide the fact that the children's mother is not Brigitte Macron.

3) Brigitte Macron was born under the identity of Jean-Michel Trogneux:

- j. Photo comparisons using the most advanced software available, Face++, prove that Brigitte Macron is the same person as Jean-Michel Trogneux as a child (family photo in 1952/1953 and school photos) (F&D 528, book XP). The French police have recently started using facial recognition (article).
- k. In 1991, six months after Jean-Michel Trogneux sold his house in La Neuville-sur-Oudeuil in December 1990, the future Brigitte Macron bought a house at 17 rue Saint Simon in Amiens to settle her family (Appendix A 51). Thus, the money from Jean-Michel's sale went directly into Brigitte's purchase. Unless otherwise explained, which has never been provided, this is financial proof that they are one and the same person.

None of this evidence has been refuted by the Trogneuxes, Auzière, or Macron (nor by Dr. Bui or Véronique Dreux...), which can be considered confirmation.

Furthermore, the only counter-evidence, presented as such by the Elysée (notably to Candace Owens), the mysterious "little fat man" (supposedly Jean-Michel Trogneux), has always been contested and proves to be false (P.-S. 112a).